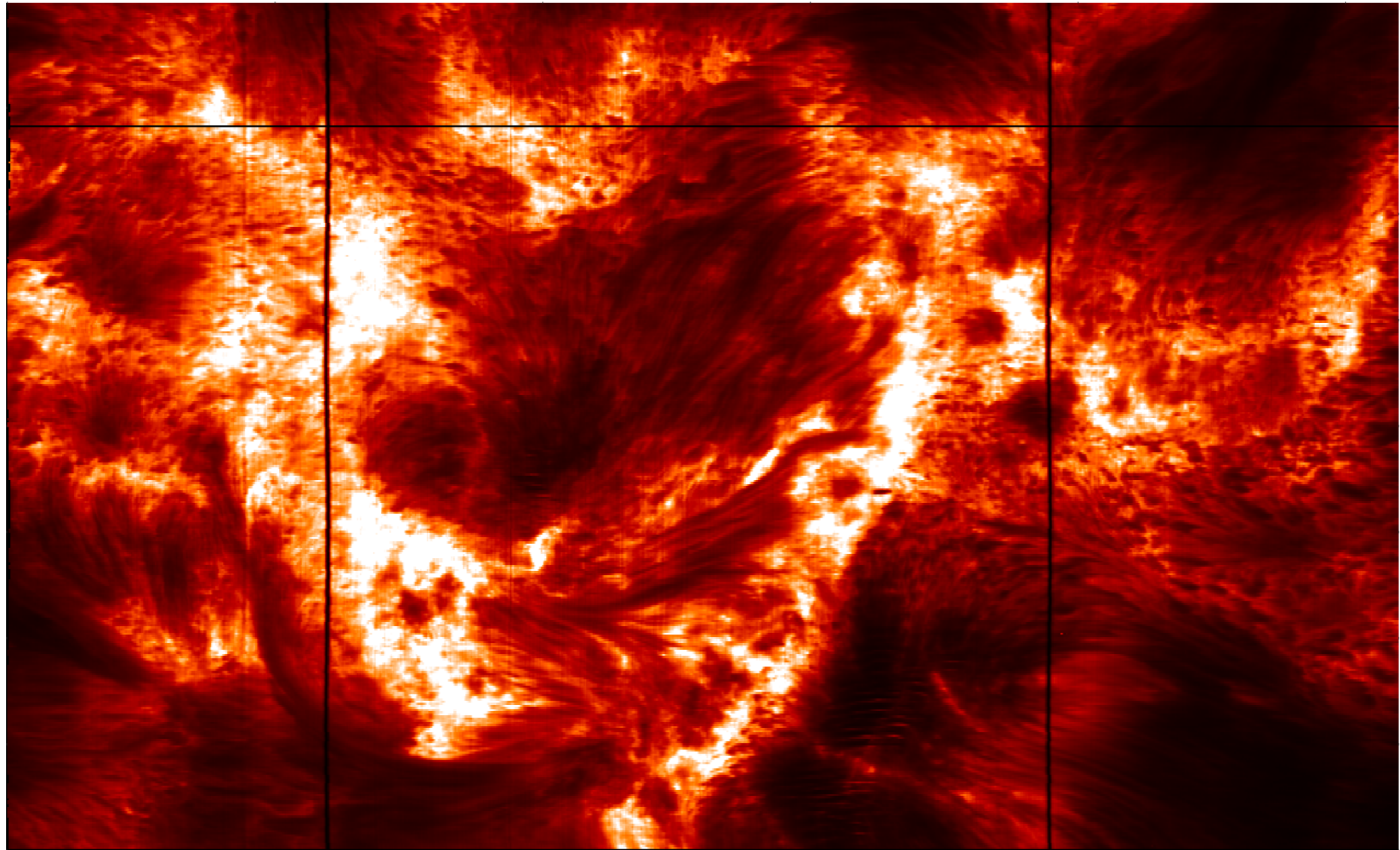


# NLTE inversions of Mg II h & k lines including PRD effects



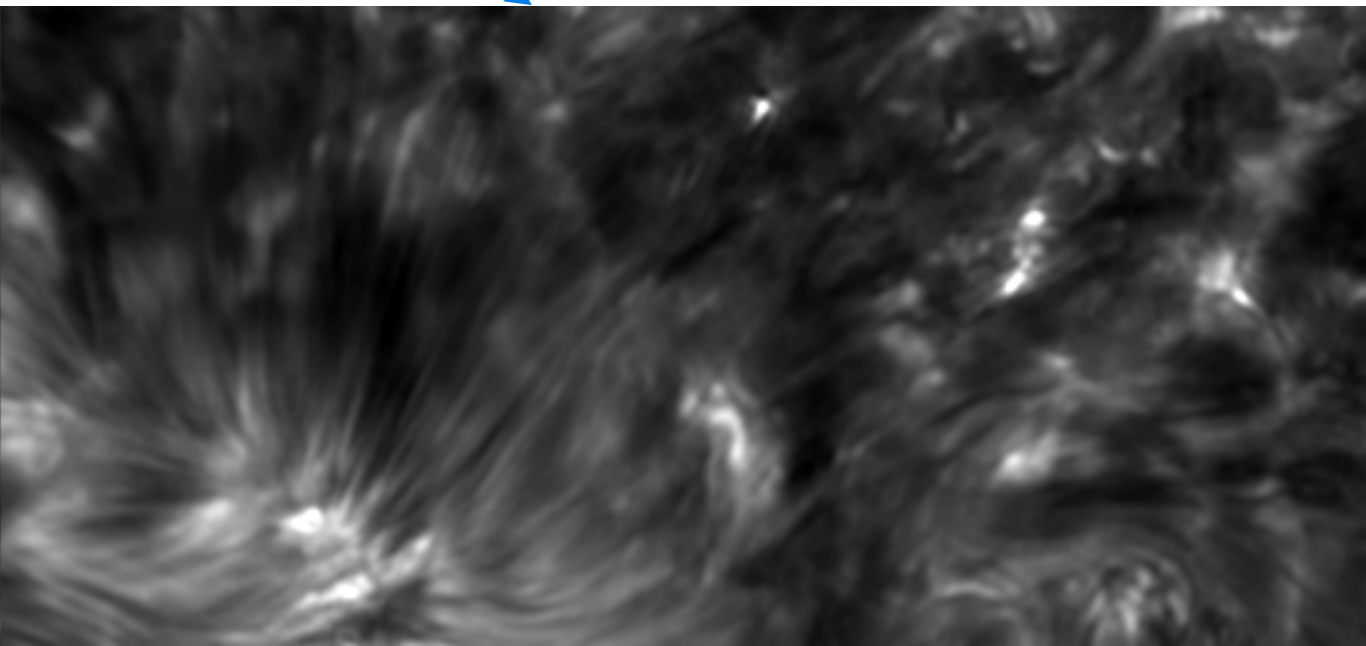
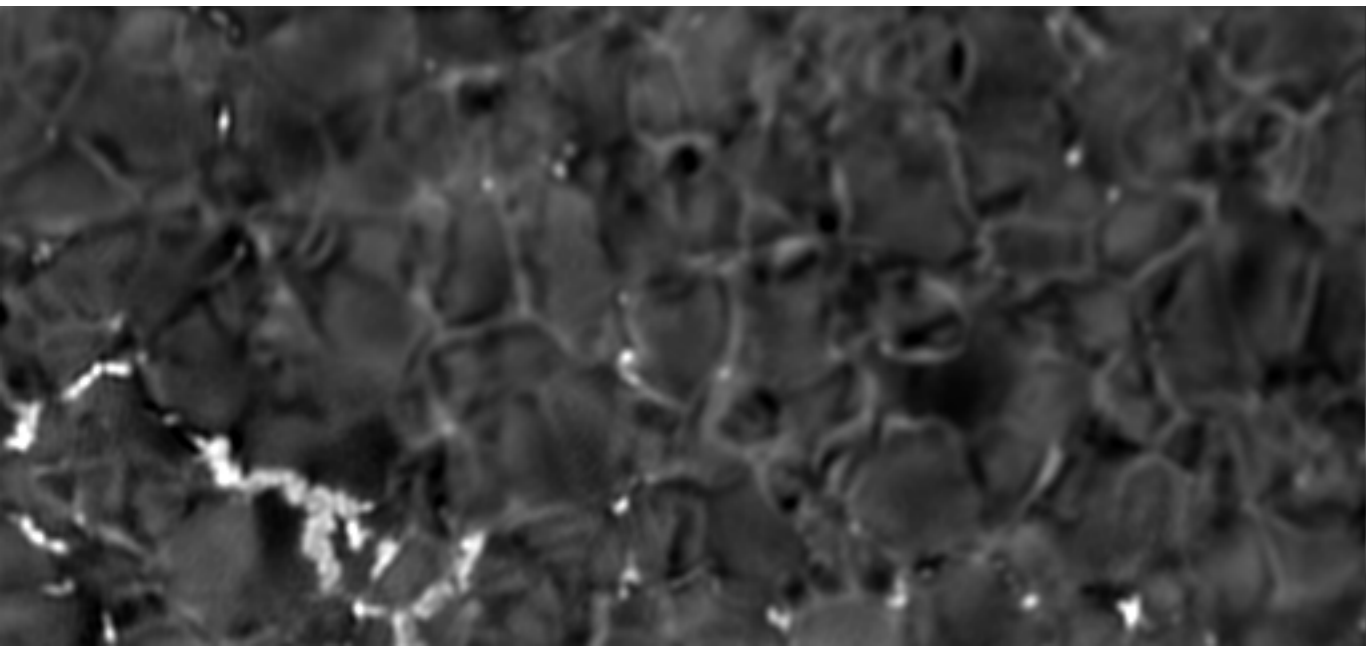
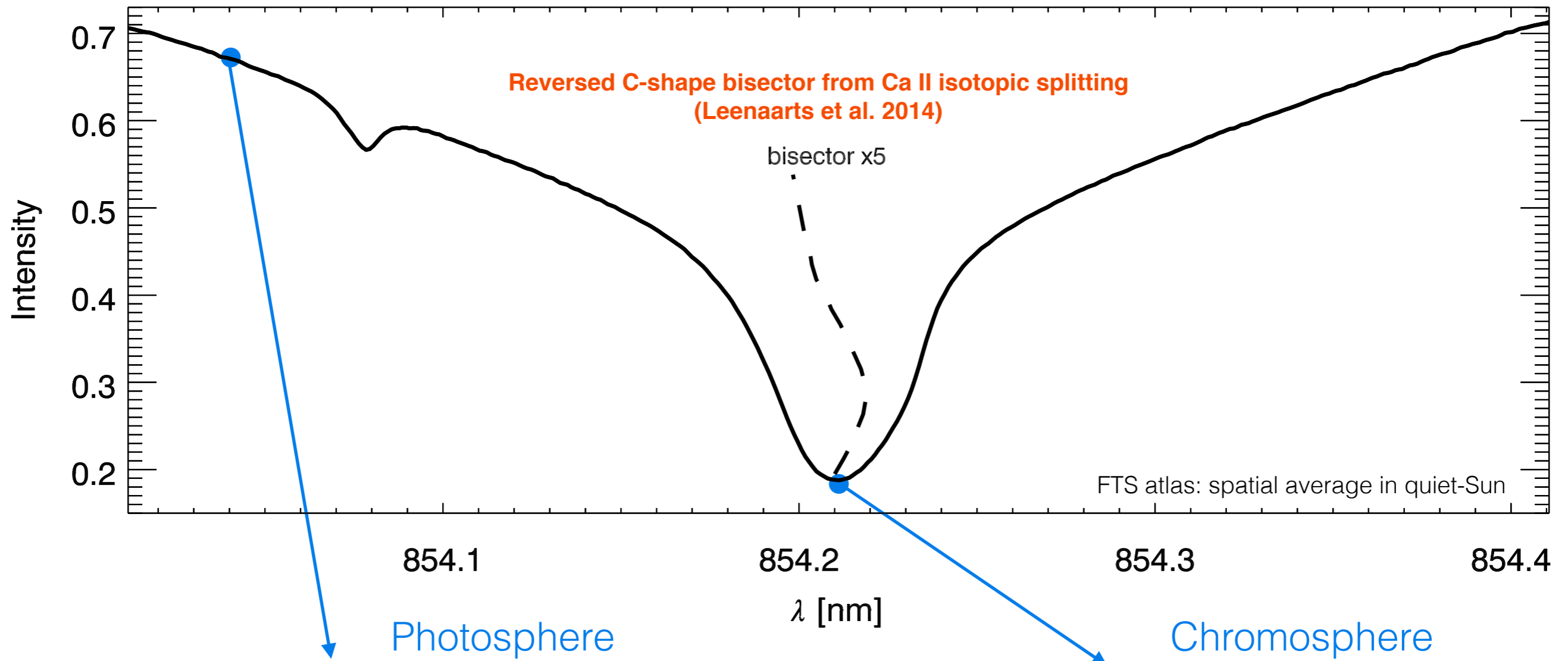
# non-LTE inversions: Nicole

Socas-Navarro et al. (2000, 2015)

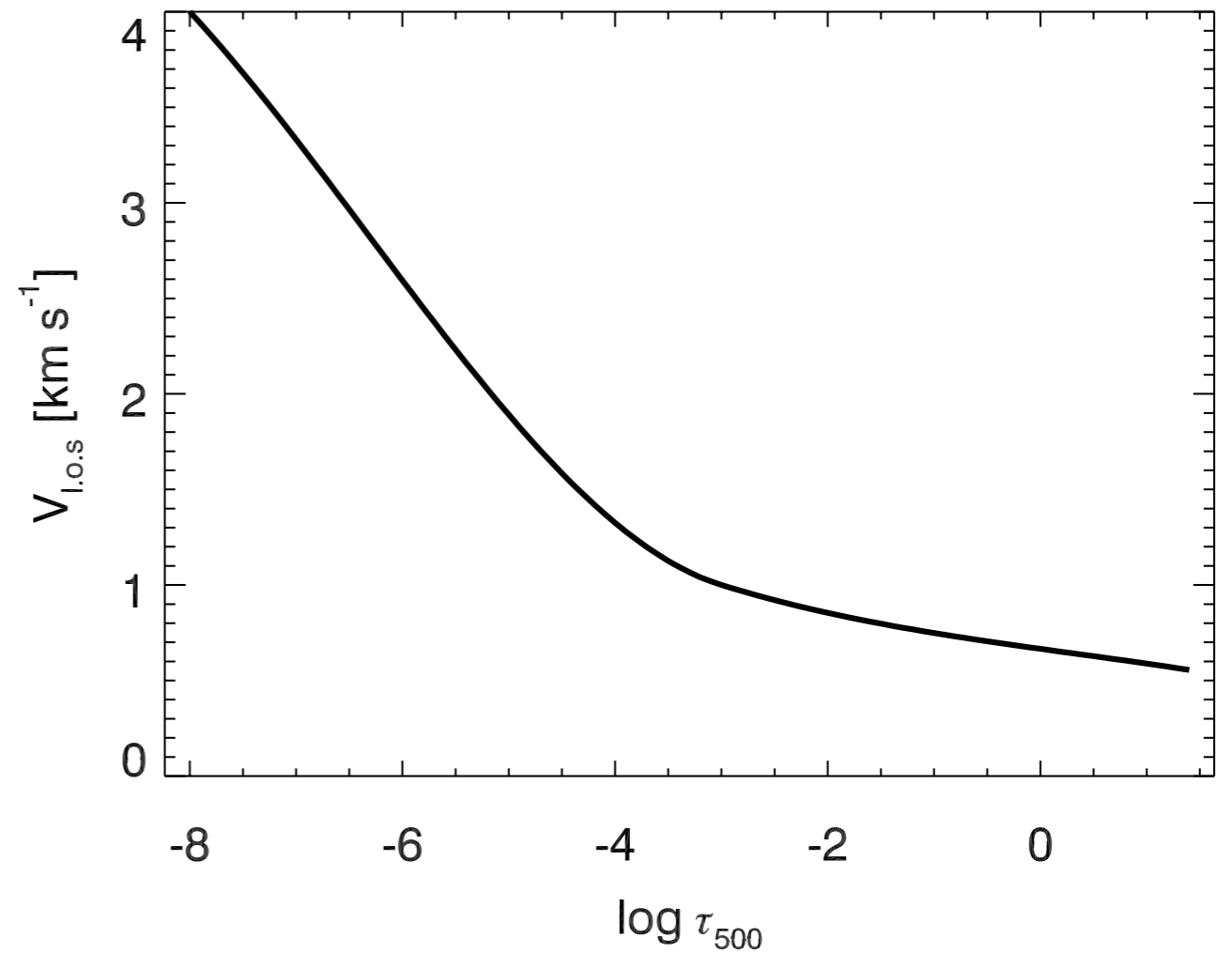
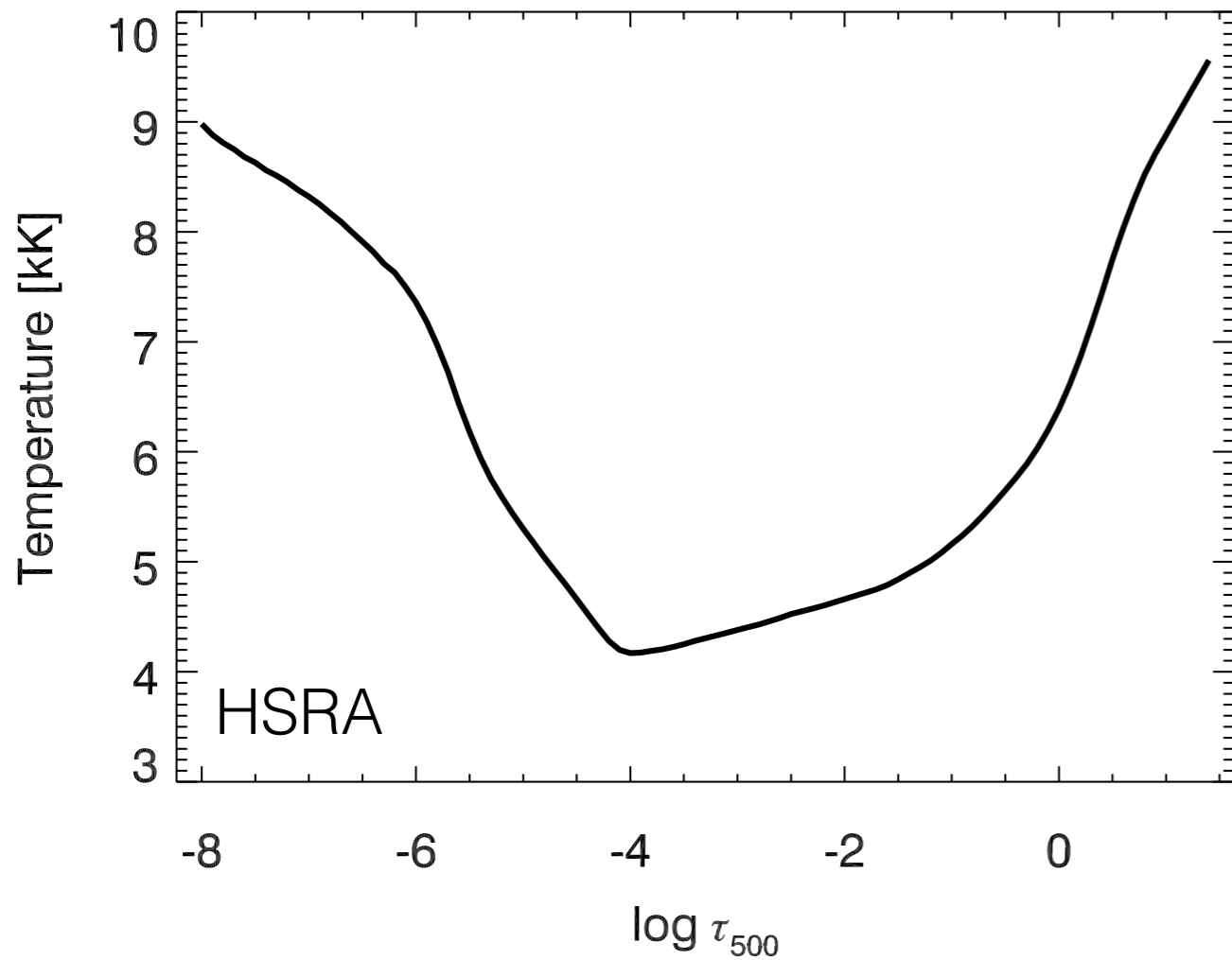
- One atom can be treated in non-LTE (statistical equilibrium).
- 1.5D, each pixel is treated as a plane-parallel atmosphere.
- Hydrostatic equilibrium to derive pressure scales given a tau scale and a temperature profile.
- Complete redistribution of scattered photons (CRD).
- Fortran/MPI.

Line(s)	Scattered photons	Zeeman/Hanle	Geometry	Ionization
Ca II H & K	PRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
H $\alpha$	CRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	3D	non-equilibrium
Ca II IR triplet	CRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
Mg II h & k	PRD	Zeeman, Hanle (k line)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
He I D <sub>3</sub> & $\lambda$ 10830	CRD (?)	Zeeman + Hanle	3D (?)	non-equilibrium

# non-LTE inversions in the Ca II 8542 line



# Nodes in depth-stratified atmosphere

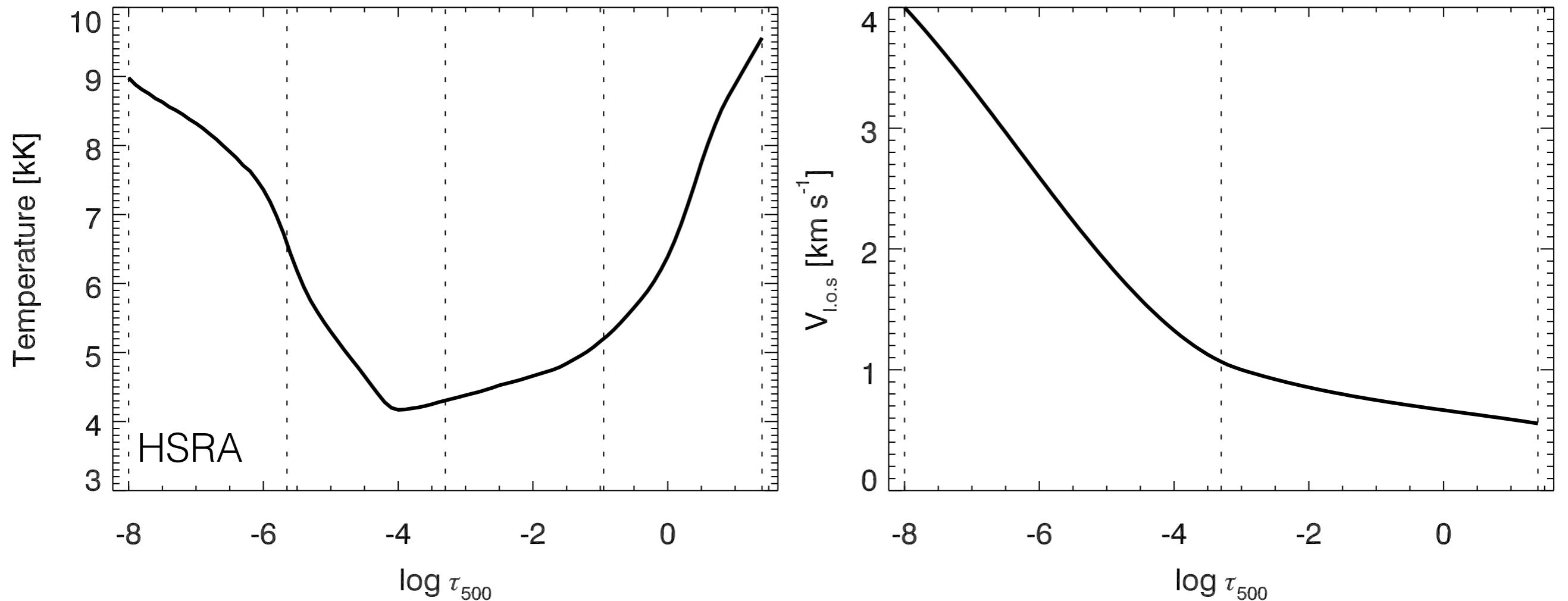


Model: Depth-stratified atmosphere (working in optical-depth at 500 nm).

Parameters: temperature,  $v_{los}$ ,  $B_z$ ,  $B_x$ ,  $B_y$ ,  $v_{turbulent}$ ,  $P_{gas}$ ,  $P_{el}$ .

Inversion : temperature,  $v_{los}$ ,  $B_z$ ,  $B_x$ ,  $B_y$ ,  $v_{turbulent}$ . (hydrostatic eq. for  $P_{gas}$ ).

# Nodes in depth-stratified atmosphere

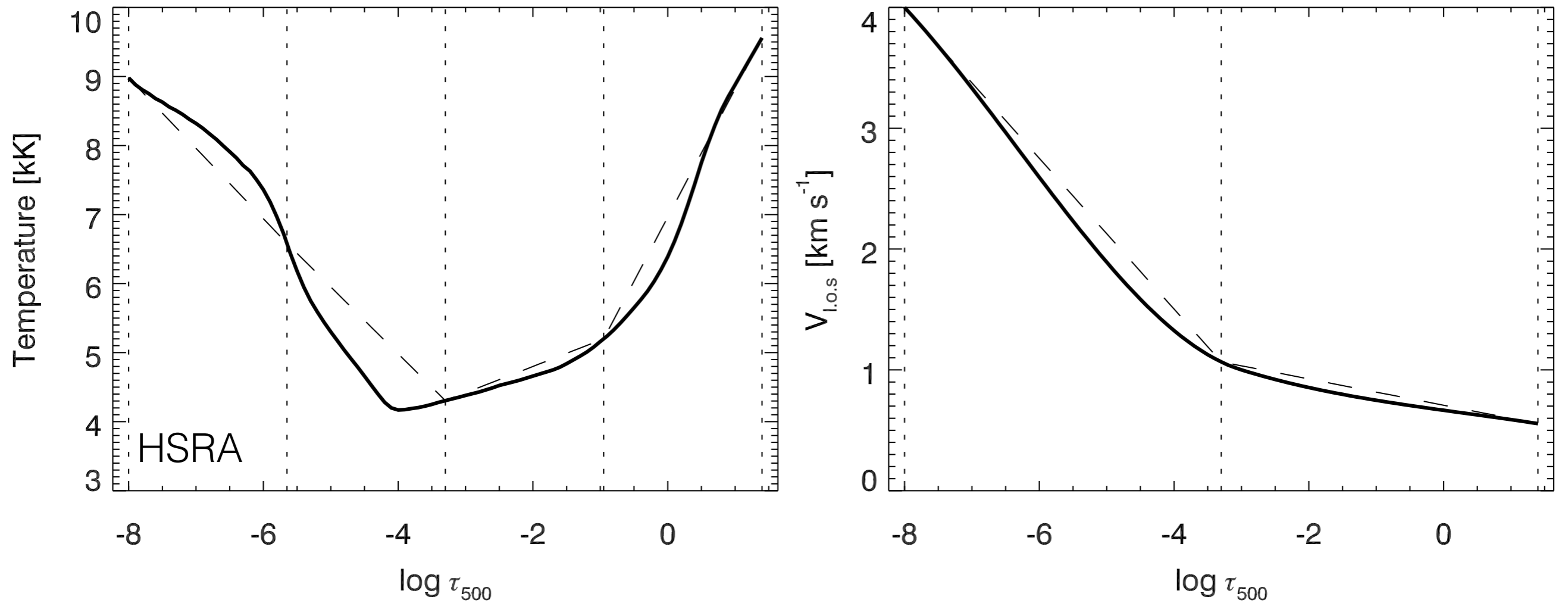


**Nodes** define the locations where the **model is perturbed and modified**.

The number of nodes can be different for each parameter.

We need the entire atmosphere to integrate the RT equation.

# Nodes in depth-stratified atmosphere

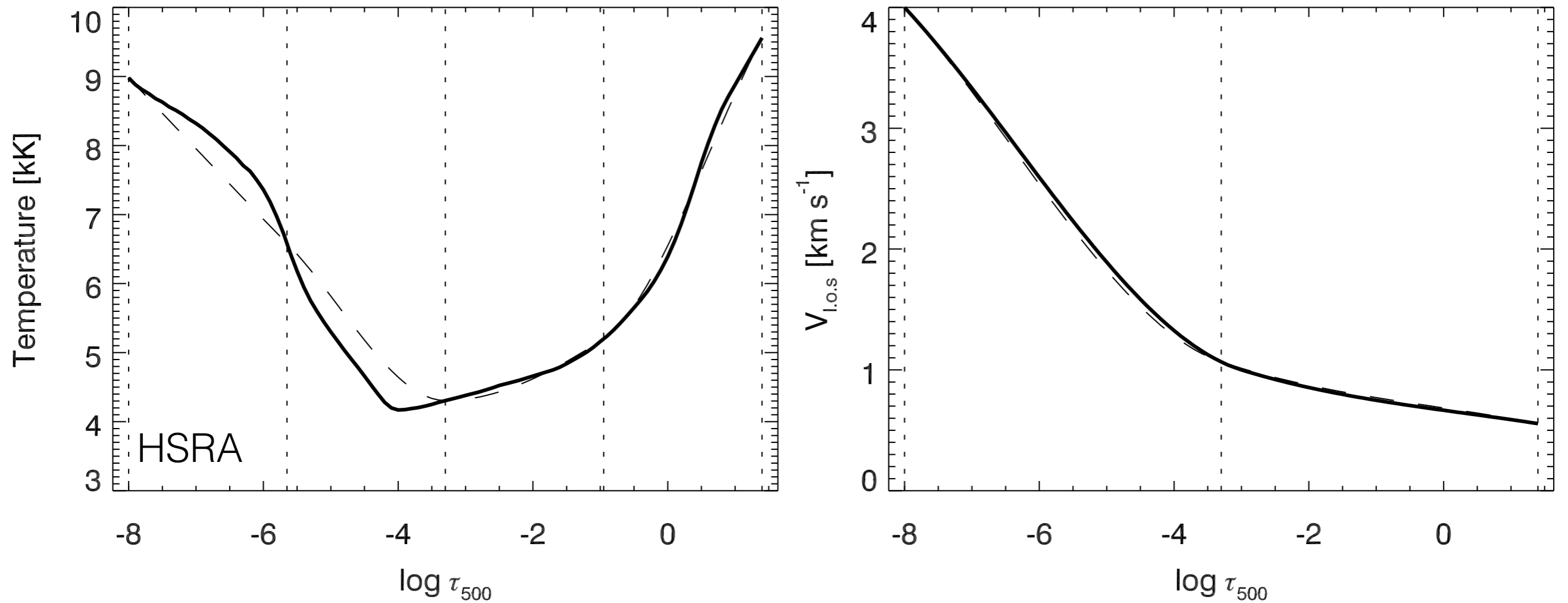


**Nodes** define the locations where the **model is perturbed and modified**.

The number of nodes can be different for each parameter.

We need the entire atmosphere to integrate the RT equation.

# Nodes in depth-stratified atmosphere



**Nodes** define the locations where the **model is perturbed and modified**.

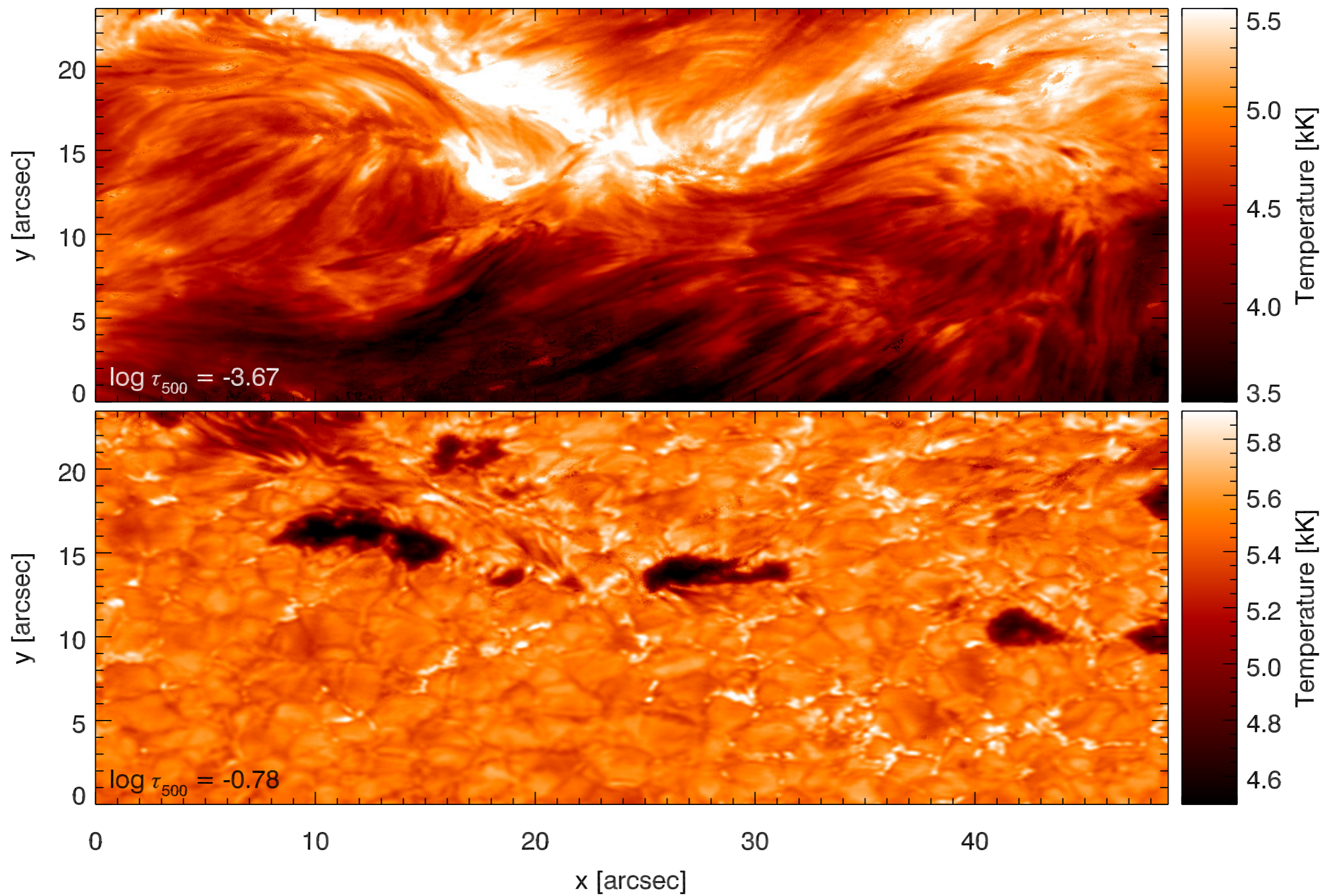
The number of nodes can be different for each parameter.

We need the entire atmosphere to integrate the RT equation.

The nodes are connected with a non-overshooting cubic Bezier splines.

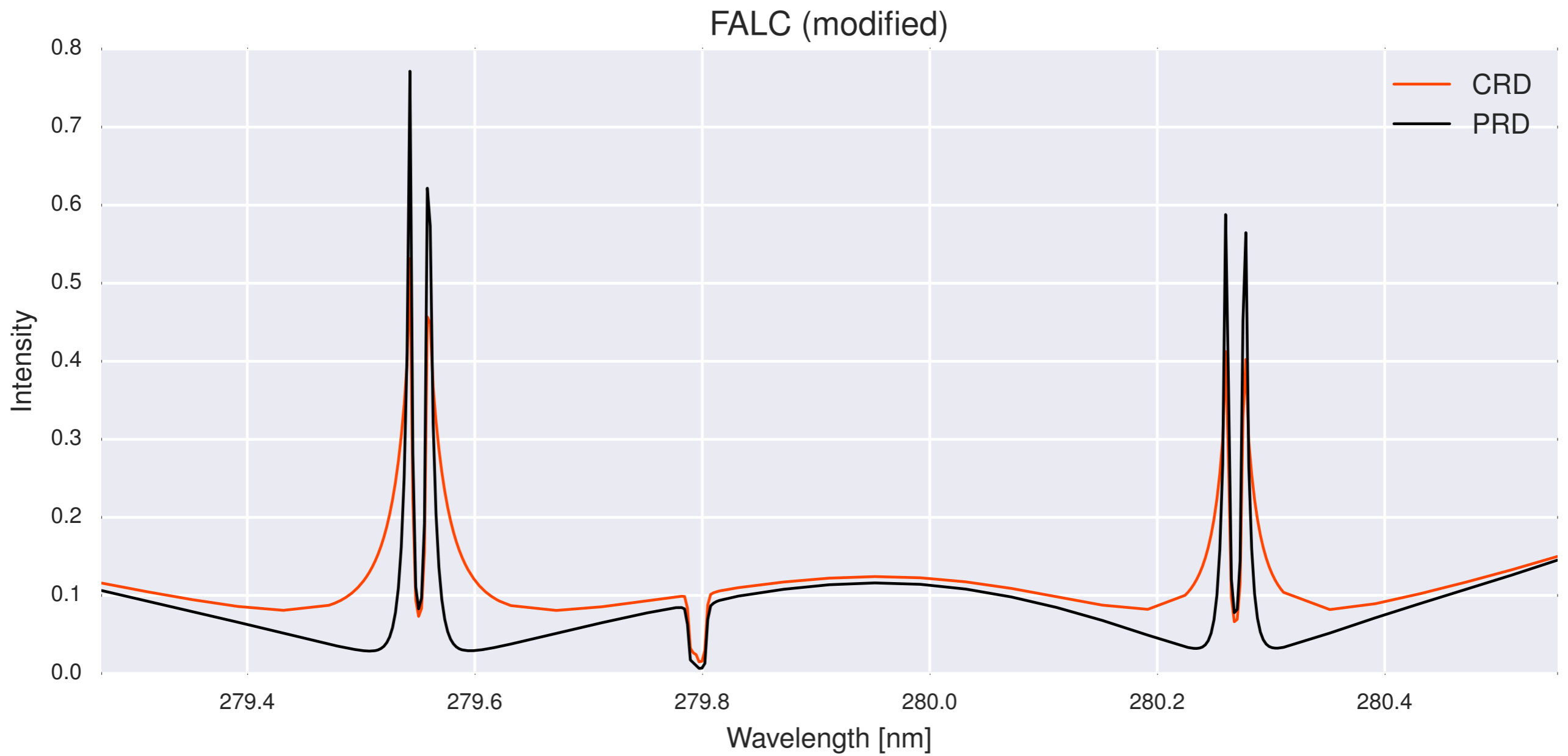
# non-LTE inversions: Nicole

Temperature maps over an active region





# The Mg II h & k lines (PRD vs CRD)



# 1.5D vs 3D radiative transfer

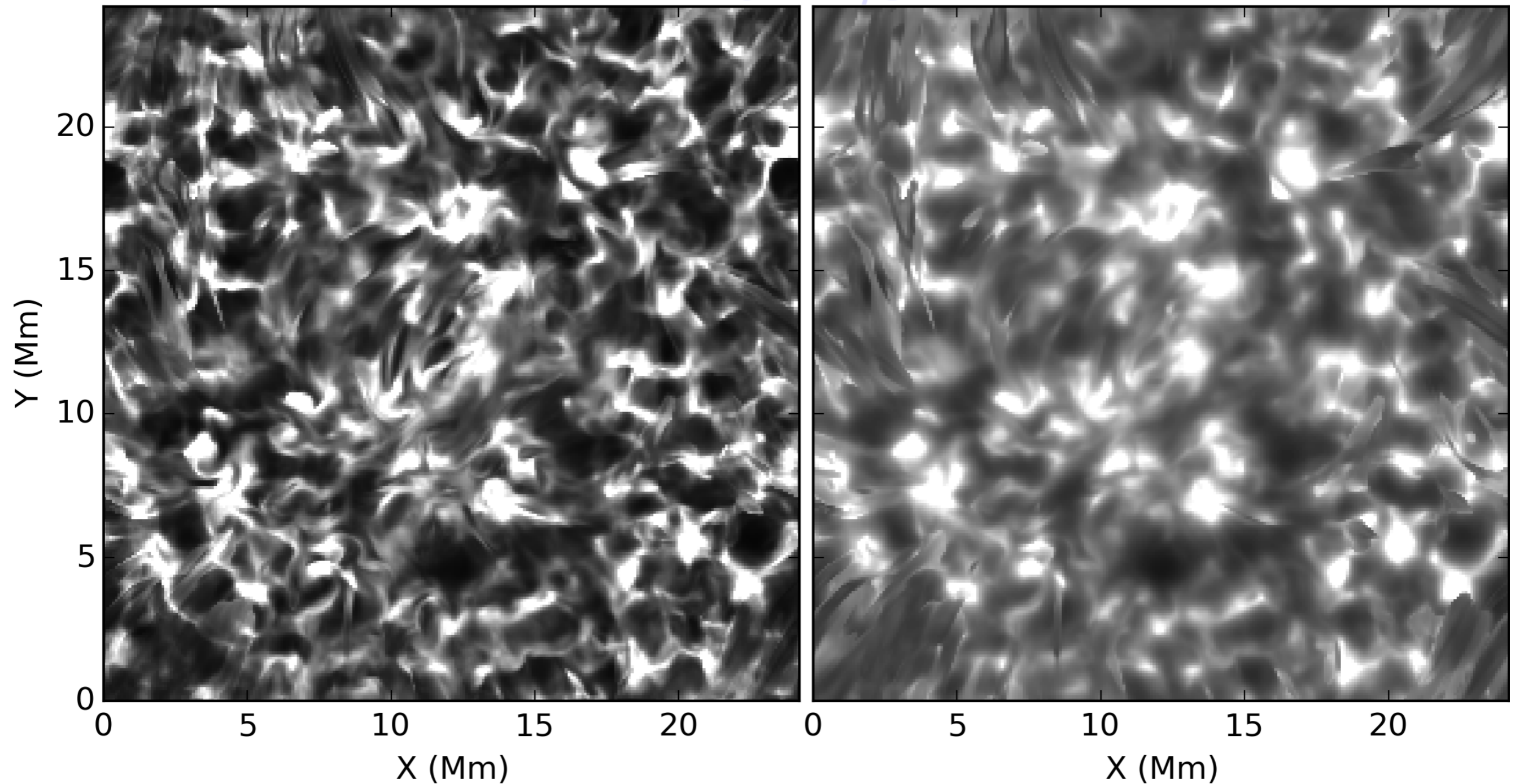
Mg II k2v

courtesy of Sukhorukov & Leenaarts (in prep.)

1D PRD

10 km/s

3D PRD

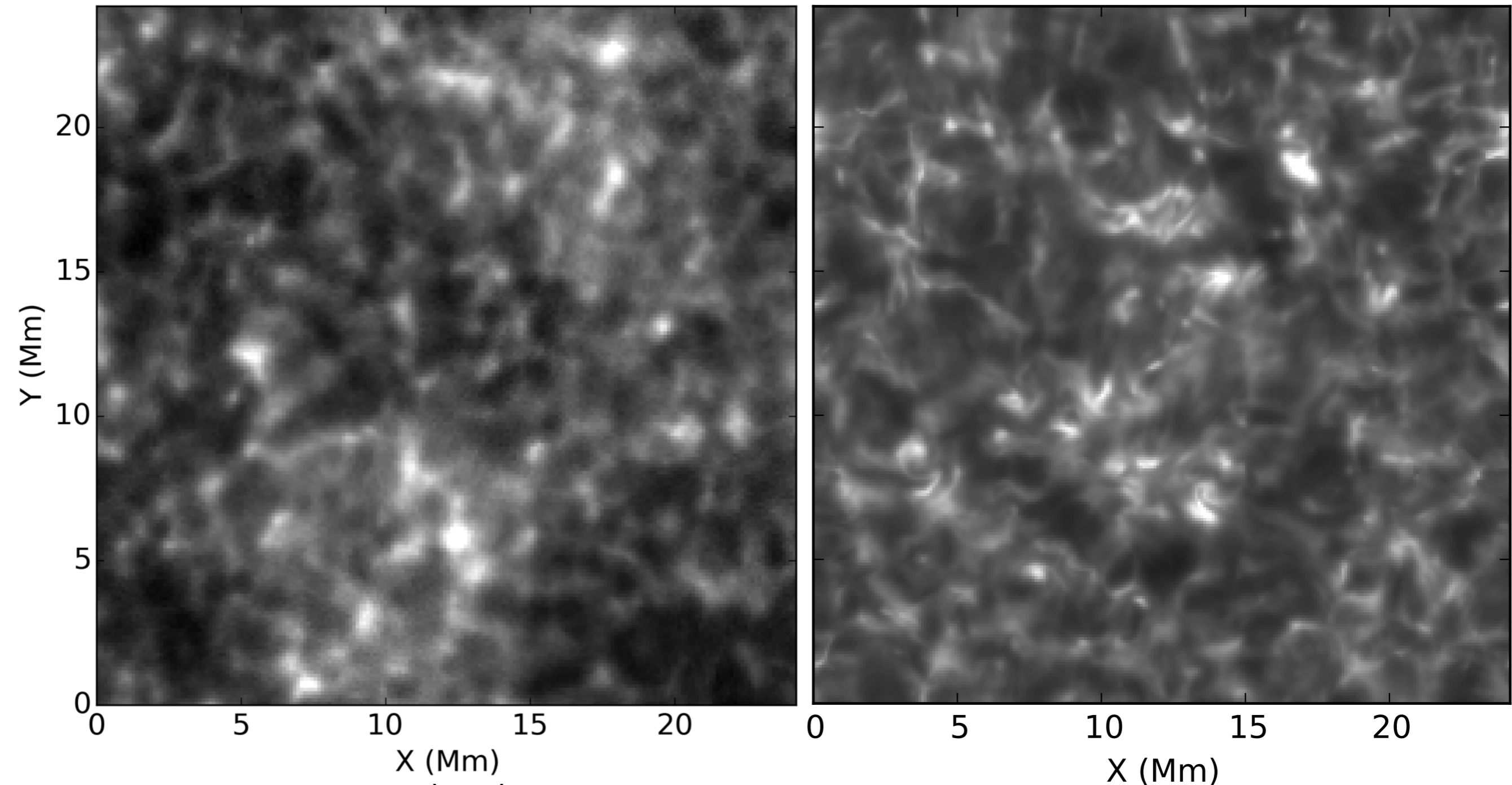


# 1.5D vs 3D radiative transfer

Synthetic slitjaw in Mg II k at disk center  
courtesy of Sukhorukov & Leenaarts (in prep.)

Iris observation

3D PRD

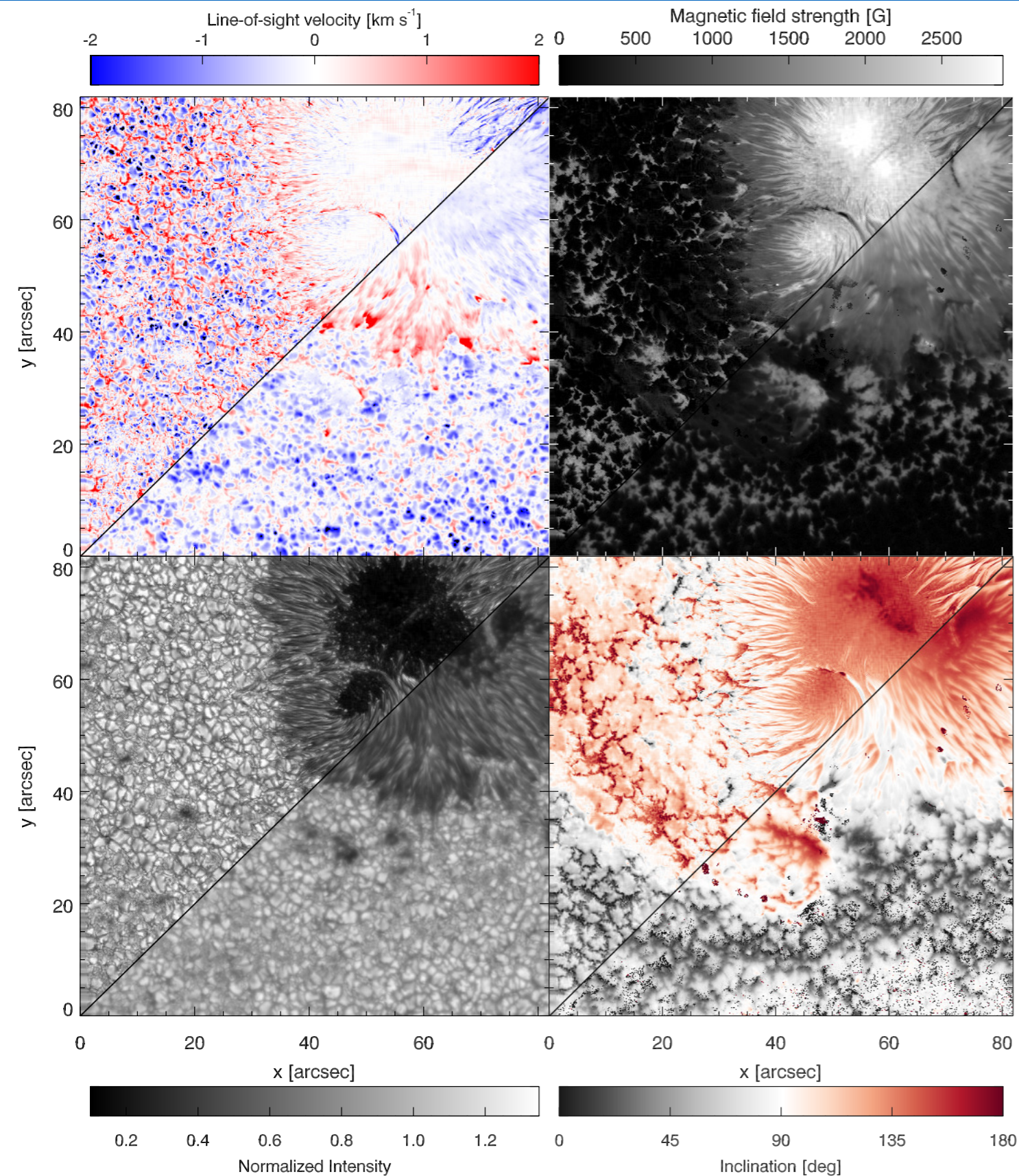


# non-LTE inversions: the Stockholm Inversion Code (SIC?)

- In-house Milne-Eddington and LTE implementations.
- NLTE forward module based on RH (Uitenbroek 2001).
- **Multiple atoms** can be treated **in non-LTE** (statistical equilibrium).
- 1.5D, each pixel is treated as a plane-parallel atmosphere.
- **Hydrostatic equilibrium** to derive pressure scales.
- Complete **and partial** redistribution of scattered photons (**CRD, PRD**).
- New possibilities with **Ca II H & K** and **Mg II h & k** along with **Ca II IR** lines.
- Written in **C/C++ / MPI / netCDF4**.

Line(s)	Scattered photons	Zeeman/Hanle	Geometry	Ionization
Ca II H & K	PRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
H $\alpha$	CRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	3D	non-equilibrium
Ca II IR triplet	CRD	Zeeman (AR), Hanle (QS)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
Mg II h & k	PRD	Zeeman, Hanle (k line)	1.5D	stat. equilibrium
He I D <sub>3</sub> & $\lambda$ 10830	CRD (?)	Zeeman + Hanle	3D (?)	non-equilibrium

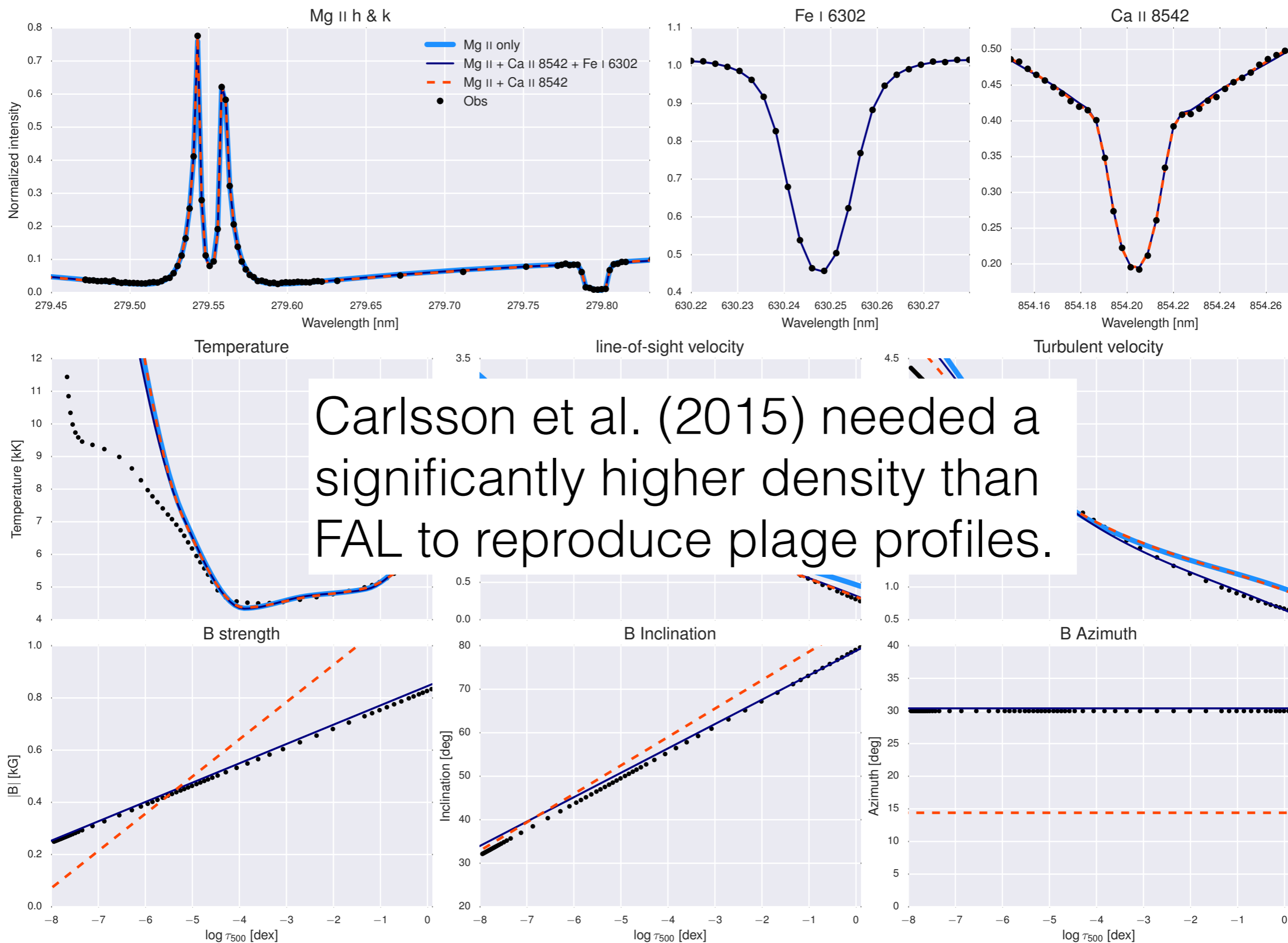
# Spatially coupled inversions: PSF or sparsity



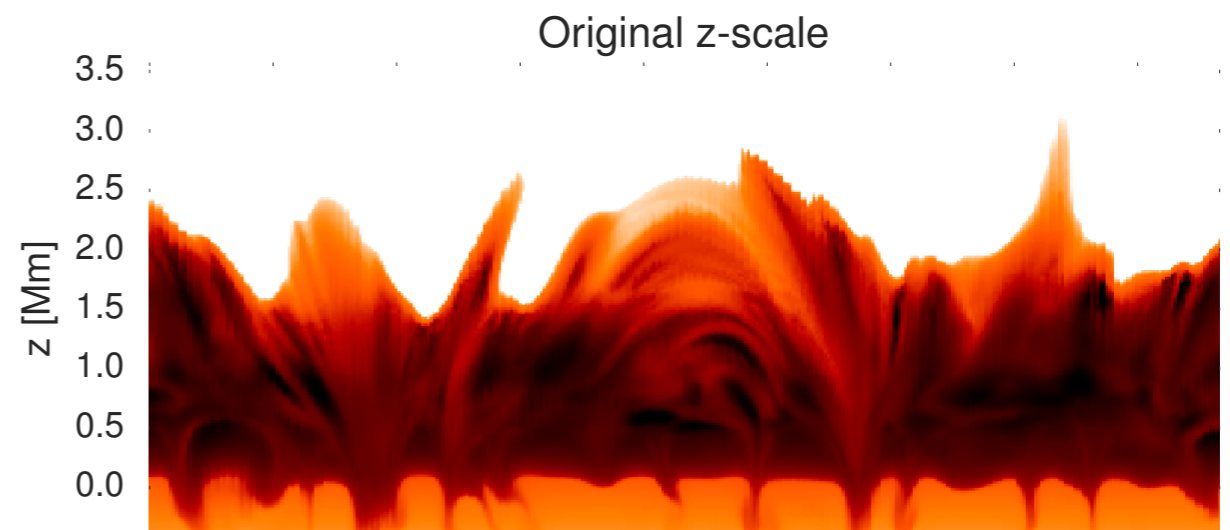
The parameters of the model atmosphere can be coupled using a spatial PSF or by imposing sparsity in a transformed basis (wavelet):

- van Noort (2012)
- Asensio-Ramos & de la Cruz Rodríguez (2015)

# First results with a modified FAL model

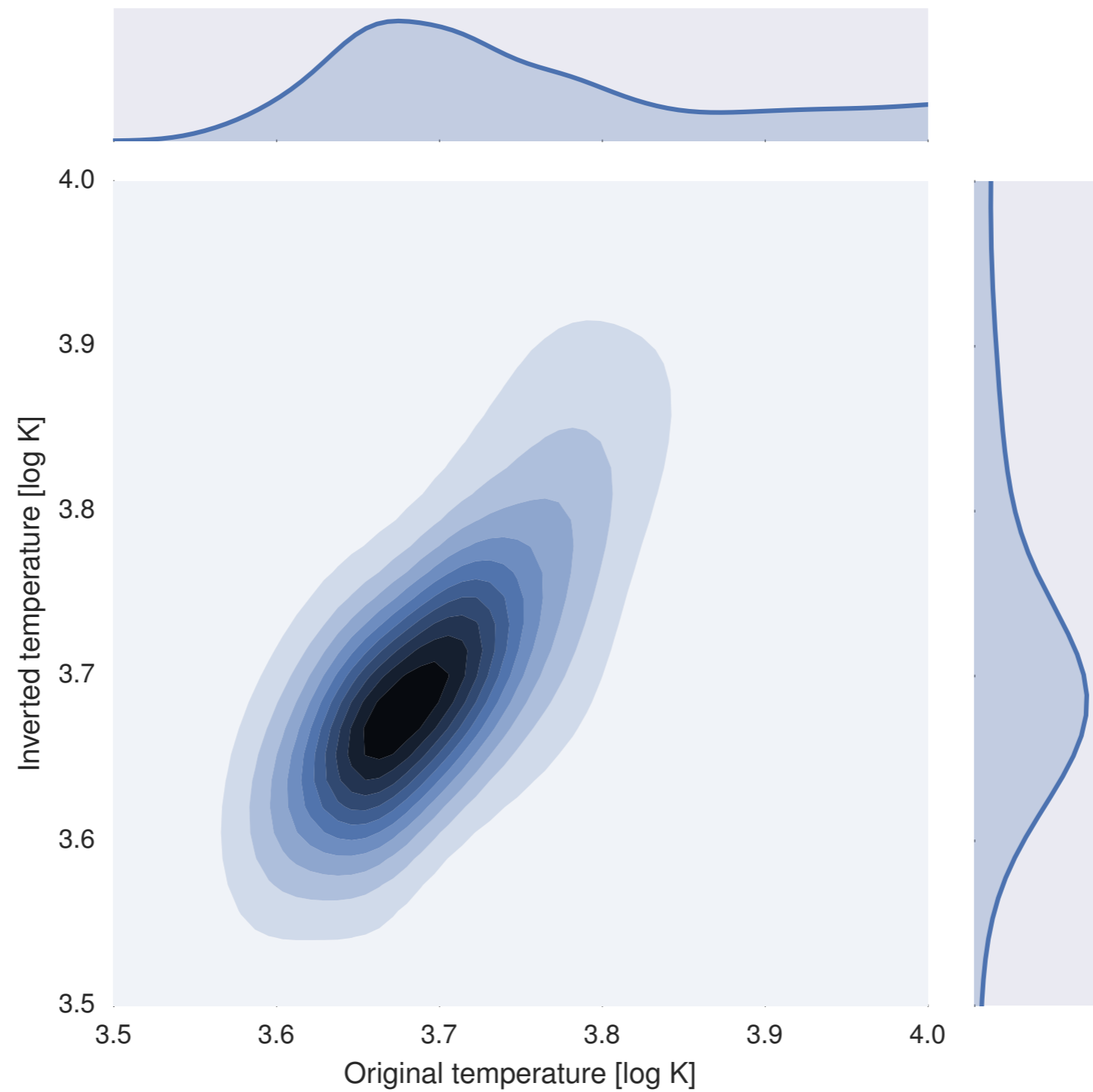


# First results with a *Bifrost* slice



A slice from the enhanced network model, Carlsson et al. (2015)

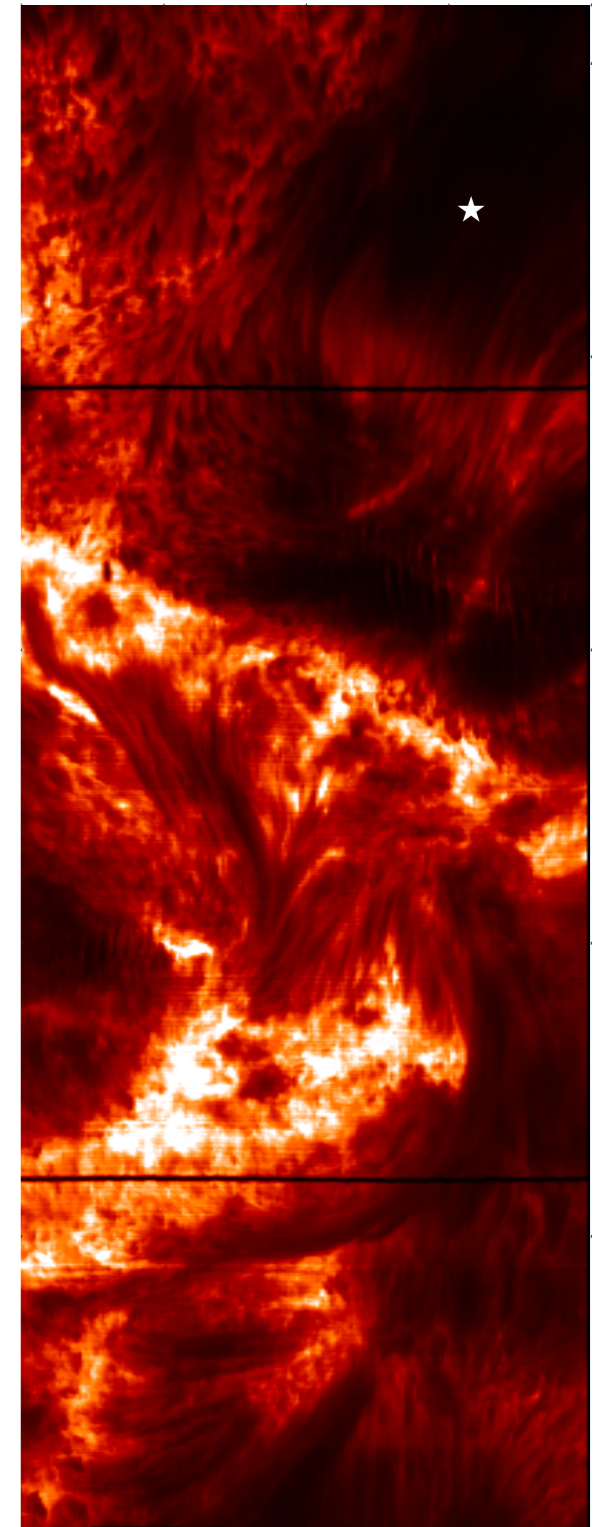
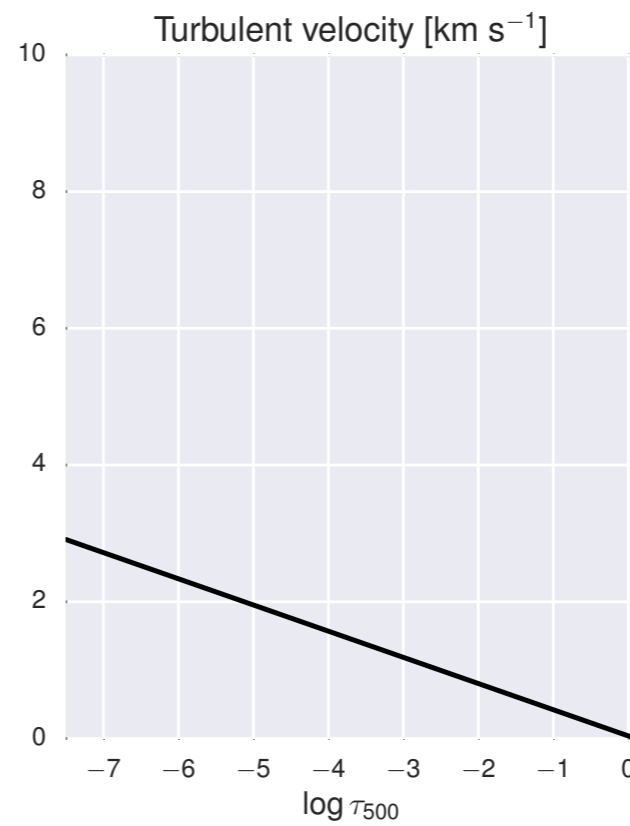
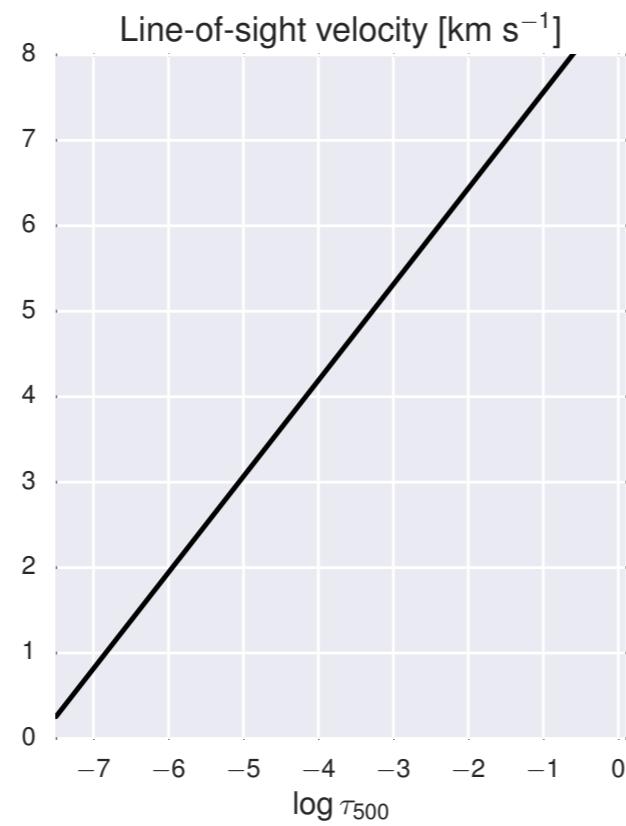
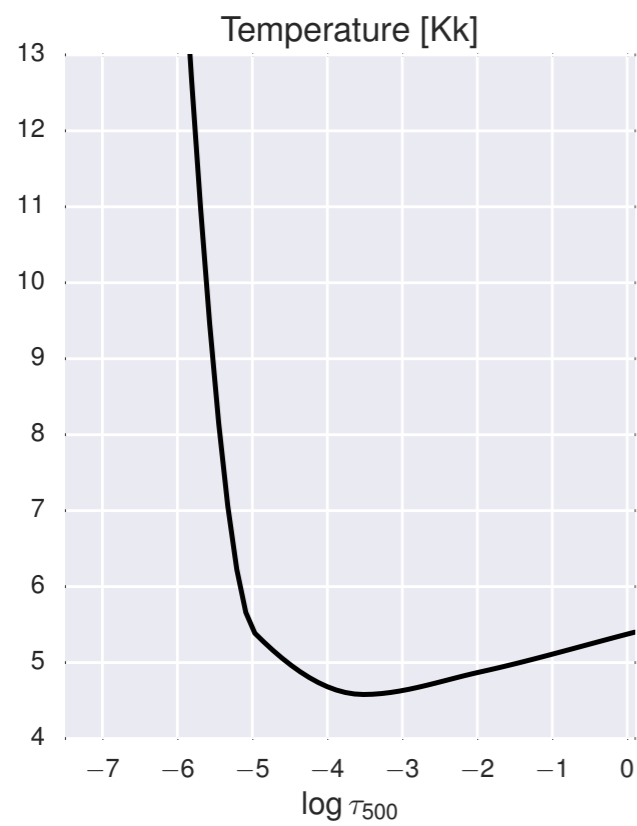
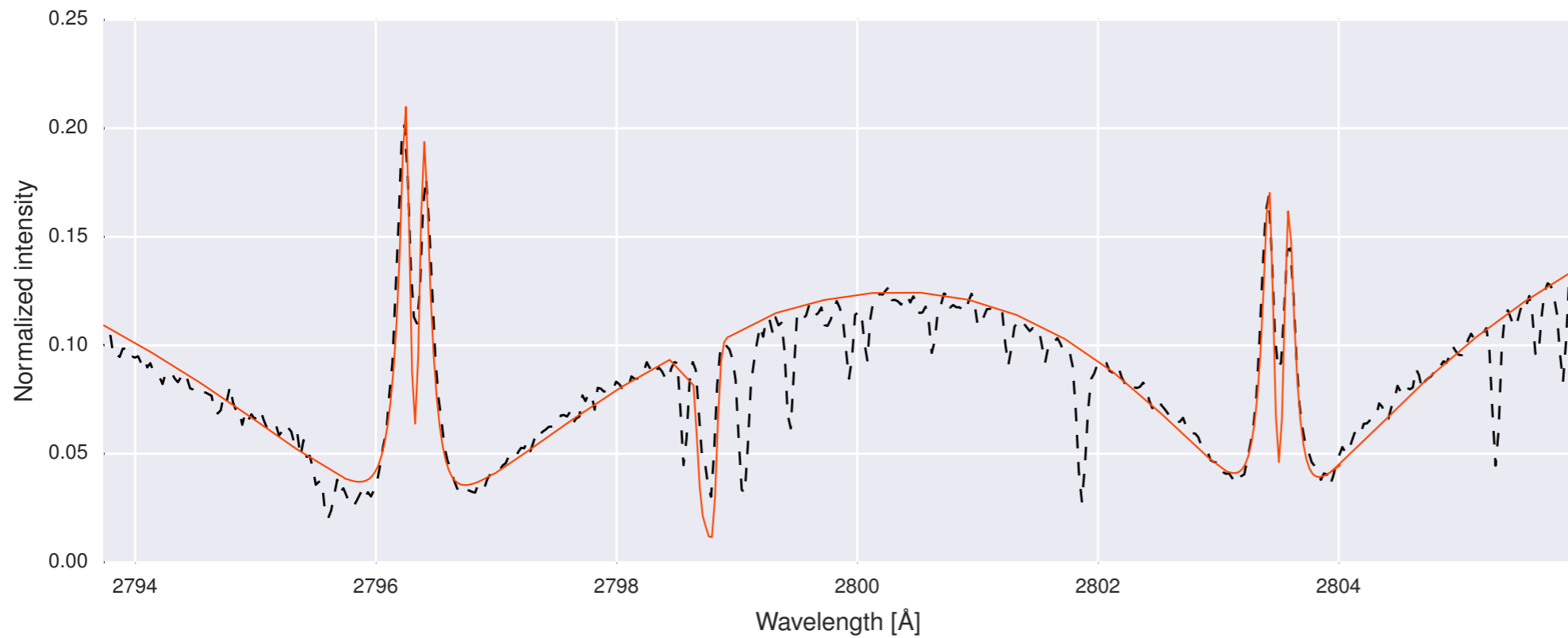
# First results with a *Bifrost* slice



A slice from the enhanced network model, Carlsson et al. (2015)



# Inversion of IRIS data



# Conclusions

- 1.5D (coupled) *inversions including PRD* effects are now possible: *Ca II H & K, Mg II h & k*.
- IRIS, CHROMIS (@Swedish 1-m Solar Telescope).
- Hopefully soon we will have the first *spatially-coupled inversions* of IRIS data!